

BigData@Heart Big Data for Better Hearts

Rick Grobbee - UMC Utrecht Professor of Clinical Epidemiology



Rationale

Progress Drug development in CVD is frustrated by:

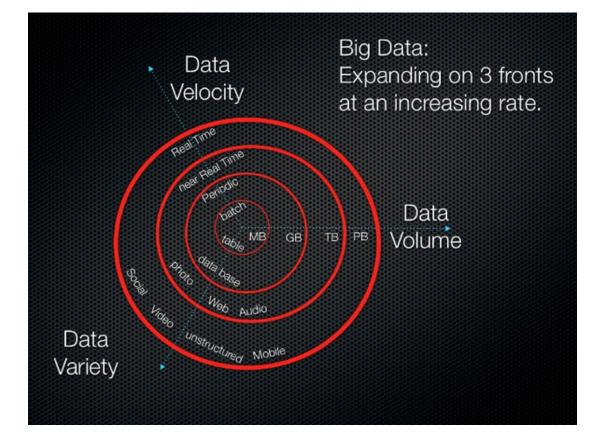
- Poor definition of disease ignoring underlying (molecular) mechanisms and co-/multi-morbidities
- Lack of approved relevant patient-centered outcomes
- Data access limited to selected small patient populations

This results in:

- Mismatch trial and real-world patients
- Large inter-individual variation in prognosis
- Heterogeneous treatment response

Big-Data: The next revolution in science?





Join forces to improve patient outcome



- Launched in March 2017, BigData@Heart brings together a consortium of 19 stakeholders under an Innovative Medicines Initiative-2 (IMI-2) funded project.
- The aim of the project is to apply big data approaches to improve patients outcomes in the most common cardiovascular diseases in Europe today: acute coronary syndrome, atrial fibrillation and heart failure.





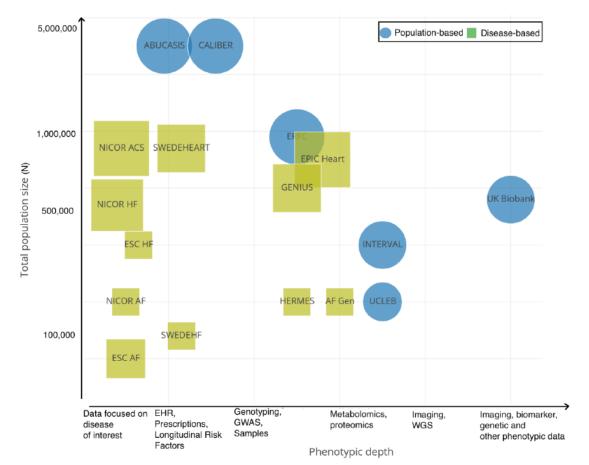
Unprecedented consortium

- The European Society of Cardiology (ESC), numerous European academic research groups, and European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations (EFPIA)-based pharmaceutical industry have joined forces to develop a big data-driven translational research platform.
- This platform will deliver clinically relevant disease phenotypes, scalable insights from real-world evidence driving drug development and personalized medicine through advanced analytics.



Unprecedented scale: Data on over 25 million subjects across Europe





The BigData@Heart consortium encompasses all relevant stakeholders and an unparalleled array of data

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Opportunities unleashed in a European research infrastructure and collaboration





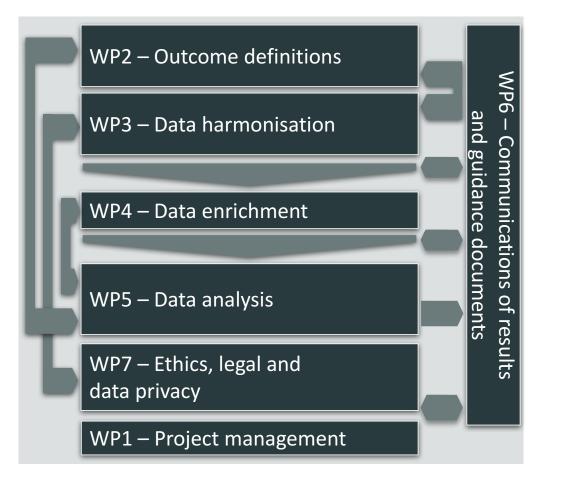
European Heart Journal (2017) **00**, 1–19 doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehx487 CLINICAL REVIEW Prevention and epidemiology

Big data from electronic health records for early and late translational cardiovascular research: challenges and potential

Harry Hemingway^{1,2}*, Folkert W. Asselbergs^{1,2,3}, John Danesh⁴, Richard Dobson^{1,2,5}, Nikolaos Maniadakis⁶, Aldo Maggioni⁶, Ghislaine J.M. van Thiel³, Maureen Cronin⁷, Gunnar Brobert⁸, Panos Vardas⁶, Stefan D. Anker^{9,10}, Diederick E. Grobbee¹¹, and Spiros Denaxas^{1,2}; On behalf of the Innovative Medicines Initiative 2nd programme, Big Data for Better Outcomes, BigData@Heart Consortium of 20 academic and industry partners including ESC[†]

Work packages in BigData@Heart







Ambition

- New definitions of diseases and outcomes in ways that are universal and computable, and relevant for patients, clinicians, industry and regulators.
- Informatics platform that allow to link, visualize and harmonise data sources of varying types, completeness and structure.
- Data science techniques to develop new definitions of disease, identify new phenotypes, and construct personalised predictive models.
- Guidelines that allow for cross-border usage of big data sources acknowledging ethical and legal constraints and data security.



More info

- www.bigdata-heart.eu
- D.E.Grobbee@umcutrecht.nl



This work has received support from the EU/EFPIA Innovative Medicines Initiative [2] Joint Undertaking BigData@Heart grant n° 116074

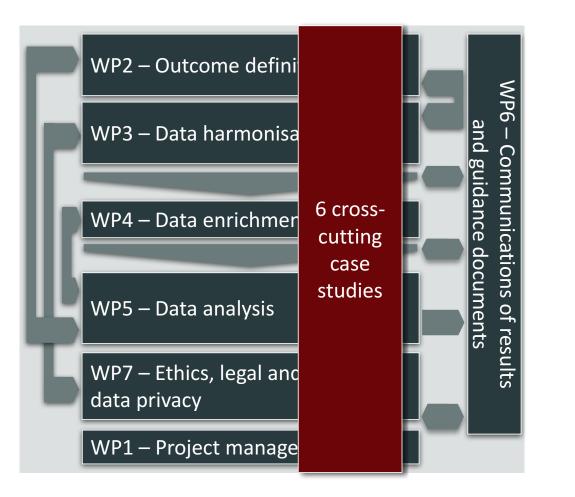


BigData@Heart Big Data for Better Hearts

Folkert Asselbergs - UMC Utrecht **Consultant Cardiologist, Professor of Cardiovascular Genetics,** Scientific Coordinator BD@H

Casestudies BigData@Heart





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#1 Comparison of real world heart failure patients to trial patients to guide future trials



Kennedy-Martin et al. Trials (2015) 16:495 DOI 10.1186/s13063-015-1023-4

REVIEW

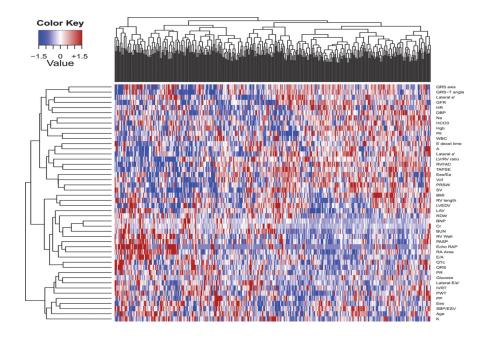


Open Access

A literature review on the representativeness of randomized controlled trial samples and implications for the external validity of trial results

#2 Deliver clinical relevant definition of HF subphenotypes and outcomes using -OMICS and EHR data resources







HEART FAILURE MOLECULAR EPIDEMIOLOGY for THERAPEUTIC TARGETS



www.genius-chd.com www.hermesconsortium.org

#3 To compare clinical outcomes derived from public registries with formally adjudicated endpoints



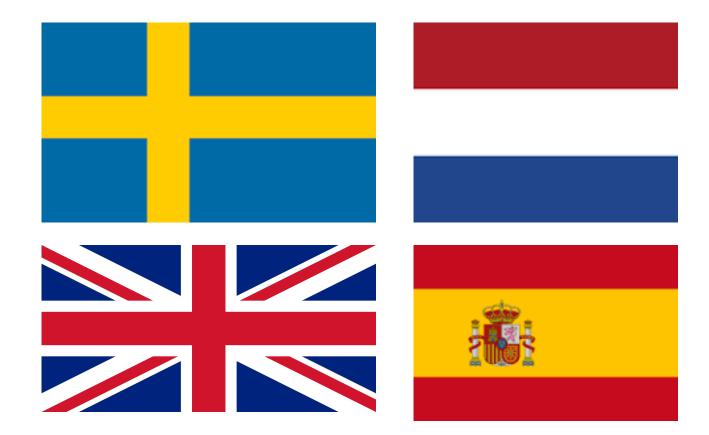


The Randomized Registry Trial — The Next Disruptive Technology in Clinical Research?

Michael S. Lauer, M.D., and Ralph B. D'Agostino, Sr., Ph.D.

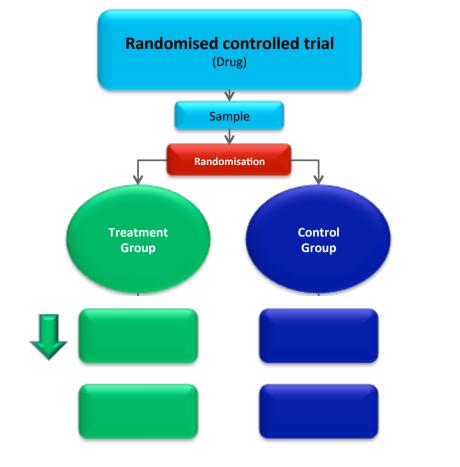
#4 Compare HF epidemiology across EU countries

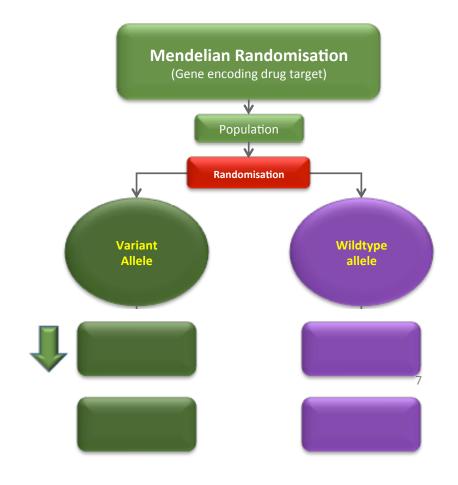


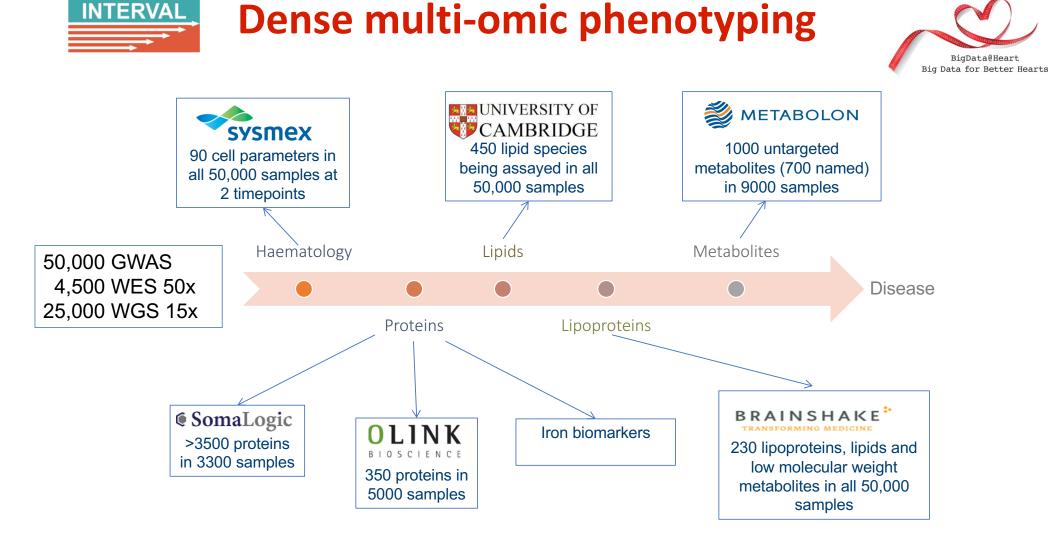


#5 Identify novel druggable targets using proteomics and genomics in iron depletion









+RNAseq pilot, mass spec protein pilot, autoantibody assays, virome sequencing, nasal microbiome coming soon

#6 Investigate how data from wearables/Apps can be used as premarket and postmarket evidence







www.radar-cns.org/









More info regarding casestudies

- www.bigdata-heart.eu
- F.W.Asselbergs@umcutrecht.nl



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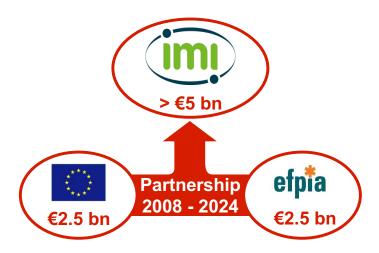


Webinar – IMI Public Private Partnership Overview

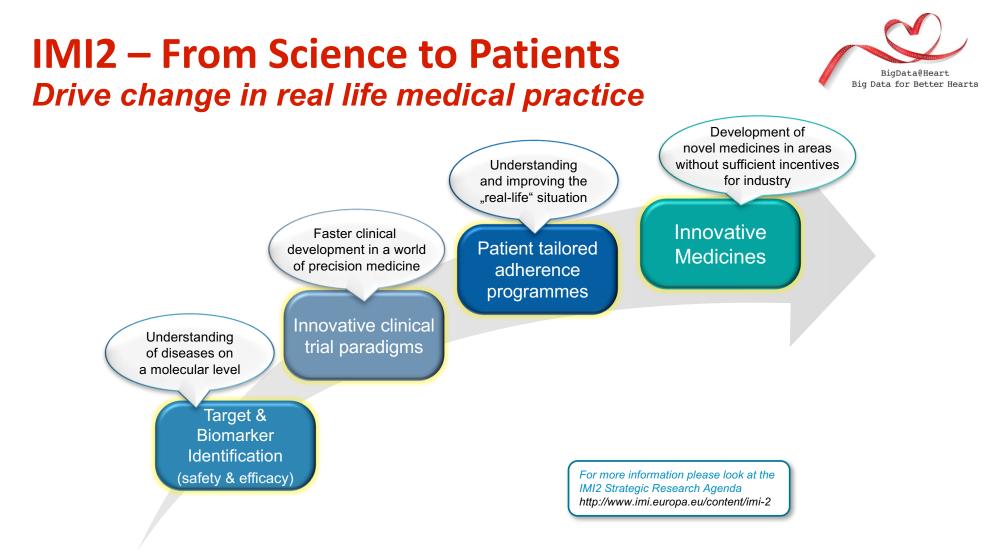
September 13, 2017 Panos Vardas, Chief Strategy Officer, European Heart Agency Gunnar Brobert, Director of Epidemiology, Bayer AG

Innovative Medicines Initiative IMI

- Establishing critical mass consortia to make drug R&D processes in Europe more innovative and efficient
 - Industry defines strategic research agenda & projects
 - Agenda addresses WHO healthcare priorities
 - Projects in discovery, through development to healthcare delivery and access models

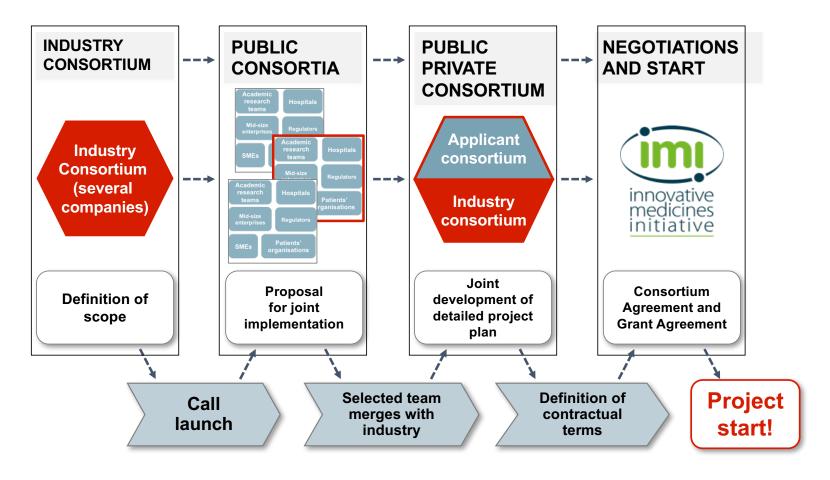








IMI – From idea to project start



BigData@Heart Big Data for Better Hearts

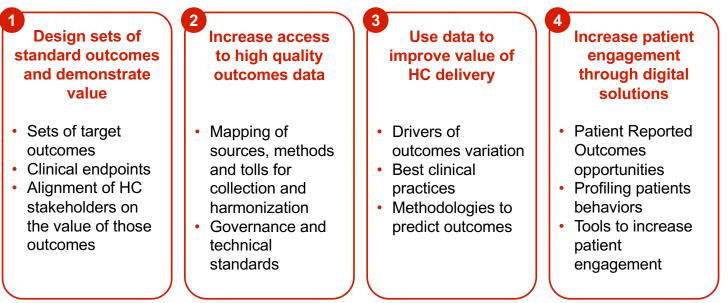
Big Data for Better Outcomes Programme Investing in key enablers

Goal • Support the evolution towards outcomes-focused and sustainable healthcare systems



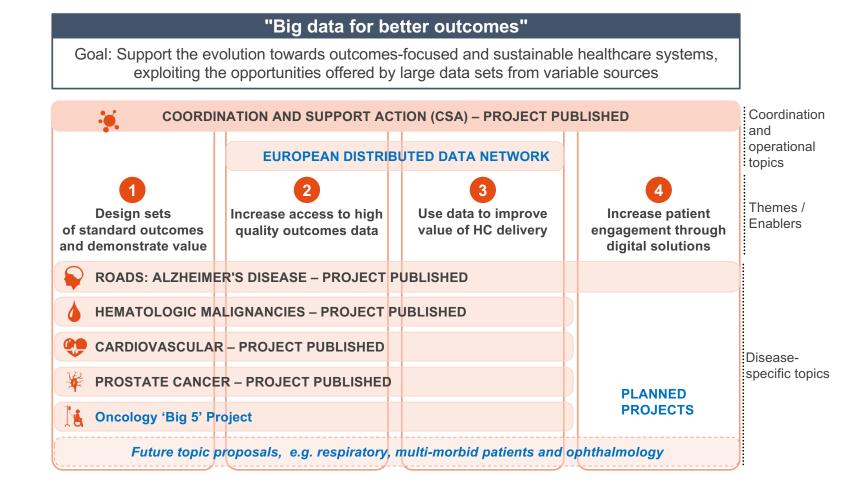
• Exploit medical innovation and opportunities offered by large data sets from variable sources

Themes/Enablers





Big Data for Better Outcomes (BD4BO) Programme at a glance

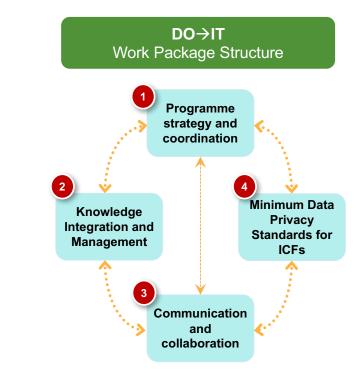


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$DO \rightarrow IT$ Structure at a glance

- BD4BO Programme strategy and coordination
- Integration of knowledge incl. knowledge repository (incl. sustainability)
- Communication and Collaboration with Healthcare Systems Stakeholders
- Minimum Data Privacy Standards for ICFs and Supporting Materials









no exhaustive list of partners:

Big Data Analysis to Improve Outcomes in 7 fields of Hemato-Oncology:

- Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL)
- Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)
- Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)
- Acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)
- Acute myeloid leukemia (AML)
- Multiple myeloma (MM)
- Pediatric

Others

- GMV, Barcelona (IT-Infrastructure)
- Patient Organizations
- EMA / BfARM /NICE
- EORTC, EHA

Pharma Industry

- Novartis (Coord.)
- Celgene (Coord.)
- Bayer
- Janssen
- Amgen
- Menarini
- Takeda

	51 partners total
University Hospitals	
Clinic Barcelona	 LMU München
• Ulm	 Duesseldorf
 Bologna 	 Newcastle upon Tyne
• Wien	 Helsinki
Erasmus, Rotterdam	York
Navarra	 Ospedale Pediatrico
Torino	Bambino Gesù, Roma
Amsterdam	 Assistance Publique –
 Cambridge 	Hôpitaux de Paris
Rome 'Tor Vergata'	 <u>La Fe</u>, Valencia
•	

Frankfurt

Brünn

• Masaryk Univ. /

• IBSAL, Salamanca



More info

- https://www.bigdata-heart.eu/
- http://www.imi.europa.eu/



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